portion 66 projects from top wall 58 and is concentrically aligned with opening 62. Indeed, inner wall 70 and outer wall 60 are also concentrically aligned with opening 62. In one embodiment, as shown in Figures 3 and 4, cap body 50 includes a skirt 64 depending from top wall 58 flush with opening 62. Skirt 64 is provided within the cap body so as to operably engage an annular wall 22 of fitment 20, as shown in Figure 4. In one embodiment, skirt 64 includes a skirt sealing bead 65 which engages annular wall 22. By this engagement, the contents of the container (not shown), to which the closure 10 is attached, are prevented from contacting inner wall 70.

Page 7, line 5, replace the paragraph with the following paragraph:

As shown in Figure 4, the cap body 50 and the fitment 20 cooperate to provide a double sealing mechanism, which includes the top wall sealing bead 51, flange 23, annular wall 22 and skirt sealing bead 65. A first seal is provided by the engagement of skirt sealing bead 65 contacting annular wall 22, as shown in Figure 4. Skirt sealing bead 65 is disposed so as to sealably engage annular wall 22 throughout the range of axial rotation through which the cap body 50 may rotate. The first seal formed by skirt sealing bead 65 and annular wall 22 prevents the contents of the container (not shown) from leaking past skirt 64. A second seal is formed by the engagement of top wall sealing bead 51 and flange 23, as shown in Figure 4. This second seal is formed only when the cap body 50 is in a generally closed position, since top wall 58 must be adjacent to flange 23 in order for top wall sealing bead 51 to engage flange 23. The second seal provides leakage protection that is in addition to the protection offered by the first seal, which is maintained throughout all the various orientations of the closure 10. In addition to the sealing mechanism provided by the cooperation of cap body 50 and fitment 20, a third

seal is provided by the cooperation between fitment 20 and container finish 80. More particularly, when fitment 20 is disposed in the opening 84 of the container finish 80, fitment sealing bead 29 engages the upper surface 88 of neck portion 82, thereby forming the third seal. This third seal prevents the contents of the container (not shown) from leaking through opening 84 and past fitment 20.

Page 8, line 3, replace the paragraph with the following paragraph:

As shown in Figures 2 and 4, outer wall 60 may include a thumb pad 68 disposed on an outer surface thereof. In a preferred embodiment, outer wall 60 is formed of an appropriate polymeric material and thickness as to make it deformable. A cap body 50 including a deformable outer wall 60 may include two thumb pads 68 diametrically aligned thereon. Outer wall 60 may be deformable by the application of pressure by the user to the points on the outer wall 60 where the thumb pads 68 are disposed so as to cause outer wall 60 to deform inwardly at those points, while also deforming outwardly at points approximately 90° away fromthose points. In such a preferred embodiment, child-resistant locks 61 and 63a are disposed approximately 90° away from thumb pads 68 along outer wall 60, so that, when outer wall 60 is deformed as described above, child-resistant locks 61 and 63a are moved away from child-resistant stops 81 and 83, shown in Figures 9-12, disposed on container finish 80, and prevent counterclockwise rotation and subsequent removal of the closure 10.

Page 9, line 5, replace the paragraph with the following paragraph:

Container finish 80 also may include at least one child-resistant stop 81 and/or 83. In one embodiment, container finish 80 includes two child-resistant stops 81 and 83 diametrically aligned around the neck portion 82 and integrally formed with lug stops 90

and 92, as shown in Figures 9 and 10. However, the closure 10 of the present invention also encompasses child-resistant stops that are not aligned nor integrally formed with lug stops 90 and 92. Child-resistant stops 81 and 83 cooperate with child-resistant locks 61 and 63a so as to limit the user's ability to open the closure 10, as discussed herein below. Child-resistant stops 81 and 83 differ from lug stops 90 and 92 in their size and positioning. More particularly, child-rcsistant stops 81 and 83 are smaller than lug stops 90 and 92 and are positioned radially beyond lug stops 90 and 92. The size and positioning of child-resistant stops 81 and 83 facilitate the proper opening of the closure 10 and allow for the lug stops 90 and 92 to engage drop lugs 54 and 56 even when outer wall 60 is being deformed so as to avoid the engagement of child-resistant stops 81 and 83 by child-resistant locks 61 and 63a. As shown in Figure 11, each of the lug stops 90 and 92 and child-resistant stops 81 and 83 may include a generally flat side and a generally rounded side. More particularly, each of lug stops 90 and 92 may include a flat side or stop surface 93, as well as a rounded side or cam surface 95. Likewise, each of the child-resistant stops 81 and 83 may also include a flat or stop surface 97, as well as a rounded or cam surface 99. The stop surfaces 93 of lug stops 90 may engage drop lugs 56 and 54 so as to stop the axial rotation of cap body 50 about neck portion 82. However, when cam surfaces 95 of lug stops 90 and 92 engage drop lugs 56 and 54, the rounded surfaces of cam surfaces 95 allow the drop lugs 54 and 56 to slide over lug stops 90 and 92, so as to allow for the initial attachment of cap body 50 to container finish 80. Likewise, the stop surfaces 97 of child-resistant stops 81 and 83 engage child-resistant locks 61 and 63a on outer wall 60 of cap body 50, so as to prevent opening of the closure 10. Whereas, the cam surfaces 99 of child-resistant stops 81 and 83, when engaged,

A4 allow for the child-resistant locks 61 and 63a to slide over the child-resistant stops 81 and 83.

Page 10, line 9, replace the paragraph with the following paragraph:

As shown in Figure 5, drop lugs 54 and 56 are disposed approximately 90° away from each of child-resistant locks 61 and 63a, so that cap body 50 may be threadably rotated only approximately 90° about the container finish 80 before either a drop lug or a child-resistant lock engages a lug stop or a child-resistant stop. In this manner, the range of rotation of the cap body 50 about the container finish 50 is limited to approximately 90°. However, the present invention may include lugs, locks, and stops that are aligned differently so as to provide a varied range of rotation.

A5

Page 11, line 6, replace the paragraph with the following paragraph:

In use, the closure 10 provides for the dispensing of the contents of a container (not shown). When closure 10 is assembled, fitment 20 is disposed over the opening 84 in the neck portion 82 of container finish 80. Cap body 50 is positioned over fitment 20 so that post 24 extends through spout portion 66 and seal 65 engages a surface of annular wall 22 of fitment 20. Cap body 50 is threadably attached to container finish 80 by the cooperation of at least one thread 72, on the inner surface 71 of inner wall 70, with at least one thread 86 on neck portion 82. Each of the drop lugs 54 and 56 and the child-resistant locks 61 and 63a are disposed between lug stops 90 and 92 and child-resistant stops 81 and 83. In the closed position, cap body 50 is threaded axially down over neck portion 82, such that post 24 of fitment 20 extends upward through each of opening 62, spout portion 66 and opening 63, thereby sealing opening 63 and the closure 10. When closure 10 is opened, the user applies inward pressure to the outer wall 60 at the thumb

A1

A